

Ben Gurion Father Of Modern Israel Jewish Lives

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Der Judenstaat Theodor Herzl 2020-03-14 Herzl war der Überzeugung, dass Juden eine Nation seien und dass aufgrund von Antisemitismus, gesetzlicher Diskriminierung und gescheiterter Aufnahme von Juden in die Gesellschaft ein jüdischer Staat gegründet werden müsse.

Homeland Marv Wolfman 2007 In graphic novel format, presents four thousand years of Jewish history culminating in the modern state of Israel.

Handbuch Jüdische Studien BOHLAU VERLAG. 2021-11-15 English summary: Die Judischen Studien umfassen alle Gebiete, die für die Erforschung der jüdischen Geschichte, Philosophie und Religion von Bedeutung sind. Sie repräsentieren ein relativ junges Fach in der deutschen akademischen Landschaft, aber ein Gebiet von wachsender Bedeutung. Jüdische Religion und Kultur haben tiefe Spuren in der deutschen und europäischen Geschichte, Philosophie und Literatur hinterlassen, sie waren beeinflusst vom wechselhaften Verhältnis der jüdischen und christlichen Religion, das bisweilen ein tolerantes Miteinander ermöglichte, in anderen jedoch zu Verfolgung, Hass und - wie in Deutschland im 20. Jahrhundert - zum Genozid führte. Das Handbuch versucht, entlang einzelner Begriffe wie Ritual, Aufklärung, Diaspora, Sefarad/Aschkenas oder Zionismus sowie verschiedener Forschungsgebiete wie Philosophie, Mystik, Recht oder ökonomie Einblicke in die Geschichte des Judentums zu geben. Wer mehr über das Regelwerk und die Ereignisse wissen will, die über jüdische Geschichte bestimmten und moderne Formen jüdischen Lebens hervorbrachten, findet viele Zugänge und vertiefende Einblicke. German description: Die Judischen Studien umfassen alle Gebiete, die für die Erforschung der jüdischen Geschichte, Philosophie und Religion von Bedeutung sind. Sie repräsentieren ein relativ junges Fach in der deutschen akademischen Landschaft, aber ein Gebiet von wachsender Bedeutung. Jüdische Religion und Kultur haben tiefe Spuren in der deutschen und europäischen Geschichte, Philosophie und Literatur hinterlassen, sie waren beeinflusst vom wechselhaften Verhältnis der jüdischen und christlichen Religion, das bisweilen ein tolerantes Miteinander ermöglichte, in anderen jedoch zu Verfolgung, Hass und - wie in Deutschland im 20. Jahrhundert - zum Genozid führte. Das Handbuch versucht, entlang einzelner Begriffe wie Ritual, Aufklärung, Diaspora, Sefarad/Aschkenas oder Zionismus sowie verschiedener Forschungsgebiete wie Philosophie, Mystik, Recht oder ökonomie Einblicke in die Geschichte des Judentums zu geben. Wer mehr über das Regelwerk und die Ereignisse wissen will, die über jüdische Geschichte bestimmten und moderne Formen jüdischen Lebens hervorbrachten, findet viele Zugänge und vertiefende Einblicke. German description: Die Judischen Studien umfassen alle Gebiete, die für die Erforschung der jüdischen Geschichte, Philosophie und Religion von Bedeutung sind. Sie repräsentieren ein relativ junges Fach in der deutschen akademischen Landschaft, aber ein Gebiet von wachsender Bedeutung. Jüdische Religion und Kultur haben tiefe Spuren in der deutschen und europäischen Geschichte, Philosophie und Literatur hinterlassen, sie waren beeinflusst vom wechselhaften Verhältnis der jüdischen und christlichen Religion, das bisweilen ein tolerantes Miteinander ermöglichte, in anderen jedoch zu Verfolgung, Hass und - wie in Deutschland im 20. Jahrhundert - zum Genozid führte. Das Handbuch versucht, entlang einzelner Begriffe wie Ritual, Aufklärung, Diaspora, Sefarad/Aschkenas oder Zionismus sowie verschiedener Forschungsgebiete wie Philosophie, Mystik, Recht oder ökonomie Einblicke in die Geschichte des Judentums zu geben. Wer mehr über das Regelwerk und die Ereignisse wissen will, die über jüdische Geschichte bestimmten und moderne Formen jüdischen Lebens hervorbrachten, findet viele Zugänge und vertiefende Einblicke.

Arthur Ruppin and the Production of Pre-Israeli Culture Etan Bloom 2011-03-18 Ruppin's immense contribution to the Zionist movement gave him the title "The Father of Jewish/Zionist settlement in Palestine." Nevertheless, the common narrative sets Ruppin's historical persona in an ambivalent position and suppresses his formative role and heritage. Part of the reason for this is that, in many ways, his history causes a crack to appear in the Zionist national "cover stories."

Making Israel Benny Morris 2007-11-26 Benny Morris is the founding father of the New Historians, a group of Israeli scholars who have challenged long-established perceptions about the origins of the Israeli-Palestinian conflict. Their research rigorously documented crimes and atrocities committed by the Israeli armed forces, including rape, torture, and ethnic cleansing. With *Making Israel*, Morris brings together the first collection of translated articles on the New History by leading Zionist and revisionist Israeli historians, providing Americans with a firsthand view of this important debate and enabling a better understanding of how the New Historians have influenced Israelis' awareness of their own past. "The study of Israeli history, society, politics, and economics over the past two decades has been marked by a fierce and sometimes highly personal debate between 'traditionalists'---scholars who generally interpreted Israeli history and society within the Zionist ethos---and 'revisionists'---scholars who challenged conventional Zionist narratives of Israeli history and society. Making Israel brings together traditionalists and revisionists who openly and directly lay out their key insights about Israel's origins. It also introduces multidisciplinary perspectives on Israel by historians and sociologists, each bringing into the debate its own jargon, its own epistemology and methodology, and its own array of substantive issues. This is essential reading for anybody who wants to understand the different interpretations of Israeli society and perhaps the central debate among students of modern Israel." ---Zeev Maoz, Professor of Political Science at the University of California, Davis, and Distinguished Fellow at the Interdisciplinary Center, Herzliya "Israel's 'new historians' have done a great service to their country, and to all who care about the Arab-Israeli conflict. By challenging myths, reexamining evidence, and asking truly important questions about the past they help to confront the present with honesty and realism. This book provides a sampling of the best of what these courageous voices have to offer." ---William B. Quandt, University of Virginia Benny Morris is Professor of Middle East history at Ben-Gurion University in Beersheba, Israel, and is the author of *Righteous Victims: A History of the Zionist-Arab Conflict, 1881-1999*.

Astrid Lindgren. Ihr Leben Jens Andersen 2015-09-28 Vor siebzig Jahren begann Astrid Lindgrens außerordentliche Karriere als Schriftstellerin. Auf Pippi Langstrumpf folgten Bücher, die die Kinderliteratur revolutionierten - und ihre Autorin schon zu Lebzeiten zu einer Legende werden ließen. 2002 verstarb Lindgren 94-jährig; man kannte sie als engagierte Frau, die für Frieden, Gerechtigkeit und die Rechte von Kindern eintrat. Jens Andersen erzählt in seiner preisgekrönten Biografie „ihr Werk und Leben erschreckend neu“ (SZ). Über Jahre hinweg studierte er unveröffentlichte Quellen, und so kommt eine Autorin zu Wort, die nicht nur weltweit Erfolge feiern durfte, sondern Einsamkeit und Trauer kannte und ein Leben lang von Schuldgefühlen geplagt war, weil sie ihren unehelichen Sohn bei Pflegeeltern hatte unterbringen müssen. Zugleich aber erzählt Jens Andersen eine Geschichte von Moderne und Modernisierung - Astrid Lindgren, die das 20. Jahrhundert miterlebt und mitgeprägt hat, wird zu einer bewundernswerten Ikone des Jahrhunderts der Gleichberechtigung. "Ich lebe einfach und glaube, man muss jeden Tag so leben, als wäre es der einzige." Astrid Lindgren

The Question of Zion Jacqueline Rose 2005 Zionism was inspired as a movement--one driven by the search for a homeland for the stateless and persecuted Jewish people. Yet it trampled the rights of the Arabs in Palestine. Today it has become so controversial that it defies understanding and trumps reasoned public debate. So argues prominent British writer Jacqueline Rose, who uses her political and psychoanalytic skills in this book to take an unprecedented look at Zionism--one of the most powerful ideologies of modern times. Rose enters the inner world of the movement and asks a new set of questions. How did Zionism take shape as an identity? And why does it seem so immutable? Analyzing the messianic fervor of Zionism, she argues that it colors Israel's most profound self-image to this day. Rose also explores the message of dissidents, who, while believing themselves the true Zionists, warned at the outset against the dangers of statehood for the Jewish people. She suggests that these dissidents were prescient in their recognition of the legitimate claims of the Palestinian Arabs. In fact, she writes, their thinking holds the knowledge the Jewish state needs today in order to transform itself. In perhaps the most provocative part of her analysis, Rose proposes that the link between the Holocaust and the founding of the Jewish state, so often used to justify Israel's policies, needs to be rethought in terms of the shame felt by the first leaders of the nation toward their own European history. For anyone concerned with the conflict in Israel-Palestine, this timely book offers a unique understanding of Zionism as an unavoidable psychic and historical force.

Reflections on My Life and Times Raya Jaglom 2014-02-07 During my childhood years in pre-war Romania, sleigh riding in the snow with my mother and sister, or spending summers in the beautiful Dorna

Vatra mountains, I never imagined that my productive, adult years would be spent in the Middle East. It never even occurred to me that I would go to live in Palestine. I was living a comfortable, happy life, as the daughter of an observant Jewish Zionist family in my native town of Czernowitz. My father was a respected banker who mingled freely with both Jews and non-Jews, and we had never experienced any anti-Semitism. So when it came, it was a total shock. A hard-to-get "immigration certificate" from the British Mandatory authorities in 1939 enabled me to register at the Hebrew University in Jerusalem. Who could have known that this was one of the last opportunities to get out of what was soon-to-be Nazi dominated Europe? While the Holocaust decimated one third of our people, I was able to strike new roots in Zion. I soon met and married my husband Josef. While pregnant with my son Elan, I first encountered WIZO, the Women's International Zionist Organization. After active service in the Haganah during the 1948 Israeli War of Independence, I was later to serve as Treasurer, as Chairman of the World WIZO Executive, and for 25 years as WIZO's President, thanks to Rebecca Sieff, the founder of our movement. During the past 60 years I have been blessed with an extraordinary opportunity to serve my people. I was instrumental in constructing countless educational institutions, women's centers, and immigrants' facilities throughout the country, experienced first-hand the stirring stories of the Holocaust survivors, suffered through Israel's many wars and fought to 'Let My People Go' from the Soviet Union. I met and had face-to-face dealings with many of the movers and shakers of 20th century Jewish and Zionist history: David Ben Gurion, Vladimir Ze'ev Jabotinsky, Chaim and Vera Weizmann, Rebecca Sieff, Moshe Sharett, Menachem Begin, Golda Meir, Yitzhak Shamir, Shimon Peres, Yitzhak Rabin, Ezer Weizman, Anatoly Natan Scharansky, Dr. Nachum Goldmann, Mr. Edgar Bronfman, both the Paris and the Geneva Rothschilds, Simone Veil and countless others. On the international scene I met, among others: British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, French Presidents Mitterand and Chirac, Soviet Premier Mikhail Gorbachev, and American President Bill Clinton. My responsibilities also took me to most of the active Jewish communities around the world. I was privileged to witness and participate in the making of history. I encountered the wondrous mosaic of the Jewish people and the rebirth of modern Israel. This is the story I want to tell.

A State at Any Cost Tom Segev 2019-08-27 'Tom Segev's meticulously researched and most elegantly written new biography of David Ben-Gurion is a must for anybody interested in both the glorious and the dark pages of the history of Zionism and Israel, as reflected throughout the life and times of the Jewish State's most important founding father' Saul Friedländer, Pulitzer Prize-winning author of *Nazi Germany and the Jews and Where Memory Leads*. As the founder of Israel, David Ben-Gurion long ago secured his reputation as a leading figure of the twentieth century. Determined from an early age to create a Jewish state, he took control of the Zionist movement, declared Israel's independence, and navigated his country through wars, controversies and remarkable achievements. In this definitive biography, Tom Segev uses previously unreleased archival material to give an original, nuanced account that transcends the myths and legends that have built up around the man. He reveals Ben-Gurion's secret negotiations with the British on the eve of Israel's independence, his willingness to countenance the forced transfer of Arab neighbours, his relative indifference to Jerusalem, and his occasional eccentric moments - from UFO sightings to plans for Israel to acquire territory in South America. The result is a full and startling portrait of a man who sought a state 'at any cost' - at times through risk-taking, violence, and unpredictability, and at other times through compromise, moderation and reason. Segev's Ben-Gurion is neither a saint nor a villain but a twentieth-century leader whose iron will and complex temperament left a contentious legacy, and one of the world's most intractable national conflicts.

Immigrants in Turmoil Dvora Hacoen 2003-04-01 This work analyzes problems of scope and timing incurred by mass immigration during the nation's formative years, and examines the physical, financial, organizational, and economic realities. It also explores the fate of Palestinian Jews and the roles played by internal and global factions.

Buber und Ben Gurion. Ein Streit über den Zionismus Moritz Härtel 2018-06-26 Studienarbeit aus dem Jahr 2018 im Fachbereich Geschichte - Allgemeines, Note: 2,0, Universität Erfurt, Sprache: Deutsch, Abstract: Seit den Jahren der Tempelzerstörung ca. 800 v. Chr. in Jerusalem waren die Juden in einer Situation, in der sie über kein eigenes Land verfügten, sondern steht in Diaspora Gemeinschaften zusammenlebten. Von der Antike bis zum Ende des 19. Jahrhunderts sahen sich die jüdischen Gemeinschaften immer wieder mit den Situationen konfrontiert vertrieben, geduldet oder, je nach politischer Situation, zeitweise gebraucht zu werden. Es entwickelte sich hierbei der Wunsch zurückzukehren nach Jerusalem und das damit verbundene Ende der Diaspora. Dieser gipfelte in der Strömung des sogenannten Zionismus, zu dessen Vertretern sowohl Martin Buber als auch David Ben Gurion gehörten, auch wenn beide ihn unterschiedlich auffassten. So kämpfte Ben Gurion für die Schaffung eines Staates Israel und einer „Heimstätte für das jüdische Volk“. Für Martin Buber ging es lediglich darum, zum heiligen Berg Zion zurückzukehren und in einer Koexistenz mit den dortigen arabischen Nachbarn zu siedeln und zu leben. Schon allein an diesen beiden Personen und ihren Auffassungen des Zionismus wird deutlich, dass es nach wie vor ein heiß diskutiertes und sowohl gesellschaftlich als auch religiös und politisch umstrittenes Thema ist, welches viel Zündstoff in sich birgt. In den folgenden Kapiteln werden die unterschiedlichen Standpunkte der beiden „Kontrahenten“ in der innerzionistischen Debatte dargestellt. Weiterhin soll geklärt werden, in wieweit der hebräische Humanist Buber auf den Realpolitiker Ben Gurion, und anders herum, reagiert hat und welche persönlichen Dimensionen der Streit um die Verwirklichung des Zionismus annahm.

Israel at Sixty Deborah Hart Strober 2008-02-11 Based on extensive interviews, *Israel at Sixty* presents a balanced, comprehensive account of this complex and amazing land. It re-creates historic events from the actions of Israel's founding visionaries through the ravages of six wars with its Arab neighbors to its growing strength and international stature and efforts to make permanent peace with its adversaries. Complete with more than fifty previously unpublished photos, *Israel at Sixty* is a beautiful keepsake for anyone who loves, respects, and supports the Jewish state.

Bibi Anshel Pfeffer 2018-05-01 A deeply reported biography of the scandal-plagued Israeli Prime Minister, showing that we cannot understand Israel -- its history, present, and future -- without first understanding the life and worldview of the man who leads it Benjamin Netanyahu is embroiled in numerous scandals, all of his own making, and may soon be ousted from the office he has held longer than any prior Israeli Prime Minister outside of David Ben Gurion. But Bibi, as he is known by friend and foe alike, is no stranger to controversy. For many in Israel and elsewhere, he is an embarrassment, a threat to democracy, even a precursor to Donald Trump. He nevertheless continues to dominate Israeli public life -- and he may yet survive his current crises, the most challenging of his career. How can we explain Netanyahu's rise, his hold on Israeli politics, and his outsized role on the world's stage? In *Bibi*, the Haaretz journalist Anshel Pfeffer argues that we must view Netanyahu as representing the triumph of the underdogs in the Zionist enterprise. Born in 1949, one year after the state of Israel itself, Netanyahu came of age in a nation dominated by liberal, secular Zionists. Yet Netanyahu's grandfather and father bequeathed to him a brand of Zionism integrating Jewish nationalism and religious traditionalism, and he identified with the groups at the margins of Israeli society: right-wing Revisionists, orthodox, Mizrahi Jews, and small-time professionals living in the new towns and cities dotting the Israeli landscape. Netanyahu cultivated each faction individually and then fused them into a coalition that has frequently proven unstoppable in Israeli politics. Netanyahu is also a child of America, where he spent many years as a young man, and where he learned the techniques of modern political campaigns as well as the necessity of controlling the media cycle. The product of the affluent East Coast Jewish community and the Reagan era, Netanyahu's politics and worldview were formed as much by American Cold War conservatism as by his family's hardline right-wing Zionism. As Pfeffer demonstrates in this penetrating biography, Netanyahu's influence will endure even if his career soon comes to an end. The Israel he has helped make is a hybrid of ancient phobia and high-tech hope, tribalism and globalism -- just like the man himself.

Ben-Gurion's Political Struggles, 1963-1967 Zaki Shalom 2006 An essential insight into this central figure in the modern history of Israel and Zionism. This important new study explores the years that built up to the Six Day War and details the crucial issues and events the world is still grappling with today. This book traces Daniel Ben-Gurion's waning years in Israeli politics. After his resignation from the office of prime

minister in 1963, the 'Old Man' soon lost faith in his self-chosen successor, Levi Eshkol, and ceaselessly tried to undermine the latter's premiership, eventually forming a breakaway party. The events leading up to the Six-Day War in June 1967 caught Ben-Gurion by surprise. During the weeks-long 'waiting period' prior to the outbreak of hostilities, he paid little attention to daily security issues. But when war did erupt, he displayed one of his key leadership skills – the ability to formulate an accurate, independent situation assessment. It will be of interest to scholars working in Israeli politics and history, this is a lucid, thoroughly researched account of the sunset years of the driving force behind the Israeli nation-state.

Juden und Worte Amos Oz 2013-09-16 Juden und Worte bilden von jeher eine enge Verbindung. Amos Oz und seine Tochter Fania Oz-Salzberger, die als Historikerin lehrt, erkunden jüdische Wortwelten, Wörter, ihre alten wie neuen Bedeutungen, Auslegungen und Wandlungen, die 22 Buchstaben des hebräischen Alphabets. Kontinuität im Judentum war immer ans mündlich geäußerte und geschriebene Wort geknüpft, an ein ausuferndes Geflecht von Interpretationen, Debatten, Streitigkeiten. In der Synagoge wie in der Schule, vor allem aber zu Hause umspannte es zwei oder drei ins Gespräch vertiefte Generationen. Was Juden untereinander verbindet, sind Texte. Es ist mit Händen zu greifen, in welchem Sinne Abraham und Sara, Rabban Gamliel, Glückel von Hameln und zeitgenössische jüdische Autoren denselben Stammbaum angehören. Vater und Tochter zeigen anhand verschiedener Themen wie Kontinuität, Frauen, Zeitlosigkeit, Individualität quer durch die Zeiten, von der namenlosen, möglicherweise weiblichen Verfasserin des Hohenliedes bis zu den Talmudisten, Gelehrten und Künstlern die Verbindung von Juden und Wörtern. Sie zeigen, dass jüdische Tradition, auch jüdische Einzigartigkeit nicht von zentralen Orten, Erinnerungsstätten, heroischen Figuren oder Ritualen abhängt, sondern vielmehr von geschriebenen Worten, deren Auslegungen und Debatten zwischen den Generationen. Gelehrt, behände und humorvoll bietet »Juden und Worte« einen einzigartigen Streifzug durch die jüdische Geschichte und Kultur und lädt jeden Leser, jede Leserin zum Gespräch ein, zu Fragen, Einwänden, Entdeckungen in einem Buch.

Jabotinsky's Children Daniel Kupfert Heller 2019-11-19 How interwar Poland and its Jewish youth were instrumental in shaping the ideology of right-wing Zionism By the late 1930s, as many as fifty thousand Polish Jews belonged to Betar, a youth movement known for its support of Vladimir Jabotinsky, the founder of right-wing Zionism. Poland was not only home to Jabotinsky's largest following. The country also served as an inspiration and incubator for the development of right-wing Zionist ideas. Jabotinsky's Children draws on a wealth of rare archival material to uncover how the young people in Betar were instrumental in shaping right-wing Zionist attitudes about the roles that authoritarianism and military force could play in the quest to build and maintain a Jewish state. Recovering the voices of ordinary Betar members through their letters, diaries, and autobiographies, Jabotinsky's Children paints a vivid portrait of young Polish Jews and their turbulent lives on the eve of the Holocaust. Rather than define Jabotinsky as a firebrand fascist or steadfast democrat, the book instead reveals how he deliberately delivered multiple and contradictory messages to his young followers, leaving it to them to interpret him as they saw fit. Tracing Betar's surprising relationship with interwar Poland's authoritarian government, Jabotinsky's Children overturns popular misconceptions about Polish-Jewish relations between the two world wars and captures the fervent efforts of Poland's Jewish youth to determine, on their own terms, who they were, where they belonged, and what their future held in store. Shedding critical light on a vital yet neglected chapter in the history of Zionism, Jabotinsky's Children provides invaluable perspective on the origins of right-wing Zionist beliefs and their enduring allure in Israel today.

The Shaping of Israeli Identity Robert S. Wistrich 1995 This volume contains essays which examine in an original provocative and critical perspective the fundamental myths, symbols and historical memories that have played an active role in shaping the development of Israeli society.

The Imaginary Voyage Shimon Peres 1999 Ex Israeli Premier Shimon Peres takes us on an imaginary trip around Israel with Zionist leader Theodore Herzl. Together they contrast their impressions of this young country.

Jewish Identity: Modern Responsa and Opinions on the Registration of Children of Mixed Marriages Baruch Litvin 1965

They Came from Everywhere Robert St. John 1962

Postmodern Love in the Contemporary Jewish Imagination Efraim Sicher 2021-03-18 Offering a radical critique of contemporary Israeli and diaspora fiction by major writers of the generation after Amos Oz and Philip Roth, this book asks searching questions about identity formation in Jewish spaces in the twenty-first century and posits global, transnational identities instead of the bipolar Israel/diaspora model. The chapters put into conversation major authors such as Jonathan Safran Foer, Nicole Krauss, Michael Chabon, and Nathan Englander with their Israeli counterparts Zeruya Shalev, Eshkol Nevo, and Etgar Keret and shows that they share common themes and concerns. Read through a postmodern lens, their preoccupation with failed marriage and failed ideals brings to the fore the crises of home, nation, historical destiny, and collective memory in contemporary secular Jewish culture. At times provocative, at others iconoclastic, this innovative study must be read by anyone concerned with Jewish culture and identity today, whether scholars, students, or the general reader.

Der Judenstaat Theodor Herzl 2020-07-16 Reproduktion des Originals: Der Judenstaat von Theodor Herzl **Handbuch Jüdische Studien** Christina von Braun 2021-10-11 Die Jüdischen Studien umfassen alle Gebiete, die für die Erforschung der jüdischen Geschichte, Philosophie und Religion von Bedeutung sind. Sie repräsentieren ein relativ junges Fach in der deutschen akademischen Landschaft, aber ein Gebiet von wachsender Bedeutung. Jüdische Religion und Kultur haben tiefe Spuren in der deutschen und europäischen Geschichte, Philosophie und Literatur hinterlassen, sie waren beeinflusst vom wechselhaften Verhältnis der jüdischen und christlichen Religion, das bisweilen ein tolerantes Miteinander ermöglichte, in anderen jedoch zu Verfolgung, Hass und – wie in Deutschland im 20. Jahrhundert – zum Genozid führte. Das Handbuch versucht, entlang einzelner Begriffe wie Ritual, Aufklärung, Diaspora, Sefarad/Aschkenas oder Zionismus sowie verschiedener Forschungsgebiete wie Philosophie, Mystik, Recht oder Ökonomie Einblicke in die Geschichte des Judentums zu geben. Wer mehr über das Regelwerk und die Ereignisse wissen will, die über jüdische Geschichte bestimmten und moderne Formen jüdischen Lebens hervorbrachten, findet viele Zugänge und vertiefende Einblicke.

An Uneasy Relationship Zvi Ganin 2005-03-01 Set in the first decade of modern Israel's existence, this volume offers an insightful look at the changing relationship of American Jews and the reborn Jewish nation/state. It is the first in-depth analysis of the subject during this key period. As the Cold War rages, leaders in all camps are shown attempting to shape and control the tangled circumstances that engulf the especially American Jewish Committee president Jacob Blaustein, Israeli founding father David Ben-Gurion, and American presidents Harry S. Truman and Dwight D. Eisenhower. Tapping into private correspondence, diaries, oral history interviews, scholarly literature and other archival materials, Zvi Ganin provides a richly detailed look at motivations, passions, and attitudes of Jewish and Israeli leaders on numerous issues none more affecting than in the stormy debate over dual loyalty.

The Jewish State: The Struggle For Israel's Soul Yoram Hazony 2000-05-07 Argues that Post-Zionism, a cultural and political revolt, is aiming to dismantle Israel's legal and moral standing as the Jewish state.

The Pen And The Sword Mikā'el Qeren 1989-07-26

Ben-Gurion Anita Shapira 2014-11-25 David Ben-Gurion cast a great shadow during his lifetime, and his legacy continues to be sharply debated to this day. There have been many books written about the life and accomplishments of the Zionist icon and founder of modern Israel, but this new biography by eminent Israeli historian Anita Shapira strives to get to the core of the complex man who would become the face of the new Jewish nation. Shapira tells the Ben-Gurion story anew, focusing especially on the period after 1948, during the first years of statehood. As a result of her extensive research and singular access to Ben-Gurion's personal archives, the author provides fascinating and original insights into his personal qualities and those that defined his political leadership. As Shapira writes, "Ben-Gurion liked to argue that history is made by the masses, not individuals. But just as Lenin brought the Bolshevik Revolution into the world and Churchill delivered a fighting Britain, so with Ben-Gurion and the Jewish state. He knew how to create and exploit the circumstances that made its birth possible." Shapira's portrait reveals the flesh-and-blood man who more than anyone else realized the Israeli state.

Who's who in Jewish History Joan Comay 1974 This book ranges over twenty centuries of Jewish history, from the Hasmonean dynasty to modern Israel. Here listed are the scholars, courtiers, and martyrs who have shaped that saga; individual Jews celebrated in the society of their times; and the non-Jewish emperors, statesmen, popes and tyrants who have left their mark on the Jewish people for good or evil. -- Publisher description.

Ben-Gurion Shimon Peres 2011-10-25 Part of the Jewish Encounter series Israel's current president gives us a dramatic and revelatory biography of Israel's founding father and first prime minister. Shimon Peres was in his early twenties when he first met David Ben-Gurion. Although the state that Ben-Gurion would lead through war and peace had not yet declared its precarious independence, the "Old Man," as he was called even then, was already a mythic figure. Peres, who came of age in the cabinets of Ben-Gurion, is uniquely placed to evoke this figure of stirring contradictions—a prophetic visionary and a canny

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pragmatist who early grasped the necessity of compromise for national survival. Ben-Gurion supported the 1947 United Nations Partition Plan for Palestine, though it meant surrendering a two-thousand-year-old dream of Jewish settlement in the entire land of Israel. He granted the Orthodox their first exemptions from military service despite his own deep secular commitments, and he reached out to Germany in the aftermath of the Holocaust, knowing that Israel would need as many strong alliances as possible within the European community. A protégé of Ben-Gurion and himself a legendary figure on the international political stage, Shimon Peres brings to his account of Ben-Gurion's life and towering achievements the profound insight of a statesman who shares Ben-Gurion's dream of a modern, democratic Jewish nation-state that lives in peace and security alongside its Arab neighbors. In Ben-Gurion, Peres sees a neglected model of leadership that Israel and the world desperately need in the twenty-first century.

The Birth of Israel, 1945-1949 Joseph Heller 2000 Joseph Heller tells the story of the complex and often conflicting political calculations that led directly to the founding of the independent Jewish state of Israel in the aftermath of World War II and the Holocaust. Examining the positions of many competing parties, he explains how and why the charismatic David Ben-Gurion prevailed: by shrewdly manoeuvring between radical extremes on the left and on the right, he says, Ben-Gurion managed to steer a successful middle-of-the-road policy in favour of partition.

The Israelis: Founders and Sons Amos Elon 2019-08-16 "Superb... The first critical analysis of Israel written from within... It's a deliberate act of self-awareness, exploring how a people got where they are." — Time "The most illuminating, even-handed, candid appraisal of the contemporary Jewish condition yet to appear" — Newsweek "[A] penetrating, profound, explosive essay-analysis of the Israelis and the Jews... Elon is that very rare writer of contemporary history who can sincerely and honestly see and sympathize with the irreconcilable forces of so suicidal a death-embrace as the Israeli-Arab struggle... a moving, enlightening, stimulating book... this book is a beacon." — David Schoenbrun, The New York Times "Amos Elon should be praised... he has written the most acute, even-handed portrait yet of the perennially controversial Israelis... he has created a portrait that is as complex as it is palpable." — Roger Jellinek, The New York Times "An instant bestseller in Hebrew, and in English from 1971, it became required reading in schools and mirrored the lives of Israelis." — The Guardian "[A] superb book" — The Nation "Amos Elon's The Israelis stands out as a uniquely valuable book" — Commentary Magazine

David Ben-Gurion and the Jewish Renaissance Shlomo Aronson 2010-11-01 This book offers a reappraisal of David Ben-Gurion's role in Jewish-Israeli history from the perspective of the twenty-first century, in the larger context of the Zionist 'renaissance', of which he was a major and unique exponent. Some have described Ben-Gurion's Zionism as a dream that has gone sour, or a utopia doomed to be unfulfilled. Now - after the dust surrounding Israel's founding father has settled, archives have been opened, and perspective has been gained since Ben-Gurion's downfall - this book presents a fresh look at this statesman-intellectual and his success and tragic failures during a unique period of time that he and his peers described as the 'Jewish renaissance'. The resulting reappraisal offers a new analysis of Ben-Gurion's actual role as a major player in Israeli, Middle Eastern, and global politics.

Beyond Post-Zionism Eran Kaplan 2015-01-08 Comprehensive and critical analysis of the post-Zionist debates and their impact on various aspects of Israeli culture. Post-Zionism emerged as an intellectual and cultural movement in the late 1980s when a growing number of people inside and outside academia felt that Zionism, as a political ideology, had outlived its usefulness. The post-Zionist critique attempted to expose the core tenets of Zionist ideology and the way this ideology was used, to justify a series of violent or unjust actions by the Zionist movement, making the ideology of Zionism obsolete. In Beyond Post-Zionism Eran Kaplan explores how this critique emerged from the important social and economic changes Israel had undergone in previous decades, primarily the transition from collectivism to individualism and from socialism to the free market. Kaplan looks critically at some of the key post-Zionist arguments (the orientalist and colonial nature of Zionism) and analyzes the impact of post-Zionist thought on various aspects (literary, cinematic) of Israeli culture. He also explores what might emerge, after the political and social turmoil of the last decade, as an alternative to post-Zionism and as a definition of Israeli and Zionist political thought in the twenty-first century.

Like Stars and Dust David Ben-Gurion 1997

Ben-Gurion Anita Shapira 2014-01-01 David Ben-Gurion cast an enormous shadow across his world, and his legacy in the Middle East and beyond continues to be hotly debated to this day. There have been many books written about the life and accomplishments of the Zionist icon and founder of modern Israel, but this new biography by eminent Israeli historian Anita Shapira is the first to get to the core of the complex man who would become the face of a new nation. Shapira tells the Ben-Gurion story anew, focusing especially on the period in 1948 immediately following Israel's declaration of independence, a time few historians have concentrated on and none have explored in such intimate detail. Through her intensive research and access to Ben-Gurion's personal archives and rarely viewed documents and letters, the author gained powerful insights into his private persona. Her fascinating literary portrait of David Ben-Gurion bares the flesh-and-blood man inside the influential historical figure who brought the Zionist dream to full fruition.

The New Israelis Yossi Melman 1992 Combines historical perspective and first-person anecdotes to discuss Israel's history, the state's continuing role as occupier since 1967, and the Israelis' origins and outlooks

David Ben Gurion Tom Segev 2018-04-23 Die große Biographie des Staatsgründers David Ben Gurion Er ist eine der großen politischen Gestalten des 20. Jahrhunderts: David Grün, geboren 1886 im Russischen Reich, der sich seit seiner Ankunft in Palästina 1906 Ben Gurion nannte. Schon früh engagierte er sich für den Zionismus und die Unabhängigkeit eines jüdischen Staates in Palästina. Als er 1948 schließlich den neuen Staat ausrief, setzte er die Interessen Israels um jeden Preis durch, nicht zuletzt auf Kosten der Palästinenser, die aus ihrer Heimat vertrieben wurden. Der international renommierte Journalist und Bestsellerautor Tom Segev («Die siebte Million») widmet sich in seiner großen Biographie dem Leben und Wirken des Gründers des Staates, der aus Palästina hervorgegangen ist – und erzählt zugleich eine Weltgeschichte Israels im 20. Jahrhundert.

Links in the Chain Naomi Pasachoff 1997-12-18 "Judaism, or that which has united the successive generations of Jews into one people, is not only a religion; it is a dynamic religious civilization."--Mordecai Menachem Kaplan, from Questions Jews Ask (1956) In assessing what their Jewish identities mean to them, Jews today sometimes describe themselves as links in a chain of tradition that stretches back to biblical times. In this collection of biographies of Jewish thinkers from ancient times to the present, the links in that chain come to life through the dramatic stories of 41 shapers of Jewish tradition. From Hillel, whose teaching more than twenty centuries ago set Judaism on its post-biblical course, to Yitzhak Rabin, the Noble Peace Prize-winning Prime Minister of Israel who helped to broker a peace settlement between the Israelis and the Palestinians, these men and women all left an indelible mark on Jewish practice, scholarship, or nationalism. In individual biographical essays, Naomi Pasachoff explores the contributions of philosophers, poets, and philanthropists; of mystics, statesmen, and scholars; of religious organizers and Zionist leaders. In so doing she uncovers surprising facts about well-known figures. For example, Theodor Herzl is widely honored as the father of the modern state of Israel, but did you know that he once dreamed of leading all the Jews of Vienna to St. Stephan Cathedral to undergo mass baptism? Readers who recognize Rashi as the most famous of all biblical commentators may be startled to learn that his concise style was a function of his tight budget. The book includes suggestions for further reading, an appendix, a glossary, and an index. Illustrations and photographs accompany the text, and a biographical fact box for each profile provides for easy reference. All these features make Links in the Chain an ideal introduction to Jewish role models for younger readers and a vital reference for all interested in Jewish history. Moreover, the book is a reminder that Jewish tradition is still evolving and that each reader has the potential to contribute to it. 41 extended essays profile the lives and contributions of Jewish heroes, including: Johanan ben Zakkai, the spiritual and intellectual leader who reshaped Jewish life after the destruction of the Temple in 70 C.E. Dona Gracia Nasi, the outstanding 16th-century leader who led the equivalent of an underground railroad to lead fugitive Marranos to safety. Rebecca Gratz, said to have been the model for the character Rebecca in Walter Scott's Ivanhoe, who spearheaded the development of Jewish Sunday schools in the United States. Leopold Zunz, whose transformation of Jewish scholarship in the 19th century ultimately led to the existence of Judaica departments and programs in major universities. Lily Montagu, whose unsatisfying Orthodox childhood as a child of privilege in Victorian England transformed her into a 20th-century leader of British and world liberal Judaism. Isaac Mayer Wise, the early leader of Reform Judaism in the United States, who conceived of and helped bring into existence many of the institutions of contemporary American Judaism. Eliezer Ben Yehudah, the father of modern Hebrew, who nearly singlehandedly transformed Hebrew from an ancient religious language into a spoken modern one.

Ben-Gurion, Prophet of Fire Dan Kurzman 1983

Is the Idea of a Jewish State Anachronistic, Based on 19th Century Ideology, and Incompatible with 21st Century Values? Kathrin Nina Wiedl 2007-11 Essay from the year 2006 in the subject Politics - International Politics - Region: Near East, Near Orient, grade: 1,7, Ben Gurion University (Middle East

Institute), course: Politics and Society of Israel, 32 entries in the bibliography, language: English, comment: This essay examines the question, if the idea of a Jewish state, based on 19th century ideology, is anachronistic and incompatible with 21st century values. It differentiates between a Jews' state in a non-religious, national meaning and a Jewish state. It aims to prove, that a Jews' State is not contradicting 21st century values, such as personal freedom, human rights, civil rights and minority rights and essential for the guarantee of these rights, inside and outside of Israel., abstract: When we look at the contemporary discussions inside and outside Israel, we see a tendency to question the right of Israel to exist as a Jewish State. This criticism comes from two different perspectives. On the one hand it is questioned if a Jewish State - defined by the law of Halakha in important personal matters like marriage and divorce and in

several public affairs, such as no public transportations on Shabbat - is contradicting individual rights, such as freedom of religion and women's rights. On the other hand it is questioned if the idea of a Jewish State is compatible with the value of democracy, equal citizen rights for all citizens - including the Arab Israelis - and incompatible with human rights. This essay aims to prove that a Jewish State is an essential part of the world community in order to ensure human rights inside and outside of Israel and justified from the perspective of 21st century values. In order to make this point, we have to examine three things: First: Are the values that led to the Zionist demand of a homeland for the Jewish people still values of the 21st century and is this demand still justified? Second: Does the Idea of a Jewish State contradict the values of the 21st century?